AP1158ADS
Active Noise Filter IC

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1. General Description

AP1158ADS is active noise filter IC, which can extremely reduce the ripple noise on the power supply line.
The ripple filter can be composed of few external components with low input-output voltage drop (Vdrop).
Vdrop can be set by external resistance. It is packaged in SOT23-5 and suitable for small set.

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2. Feature

- Low Vdrop ripple filter can be composed of few parts.

- Built-in PNP power transistor

- Output Current   150mA

- Ripple Rejection   66dB at 1kHz

- Input Voltage Range   1.8V～14.0V

- Quiescent Current   65μA at Iout=0mA

- Internal on/off function (High active)

- Built-in Short-circuit Protection and Thermal Shutdown Protection

- Built-in Bias Over-current Blocking Circuit

- Available to use as low Vdrop / low noise regulator.
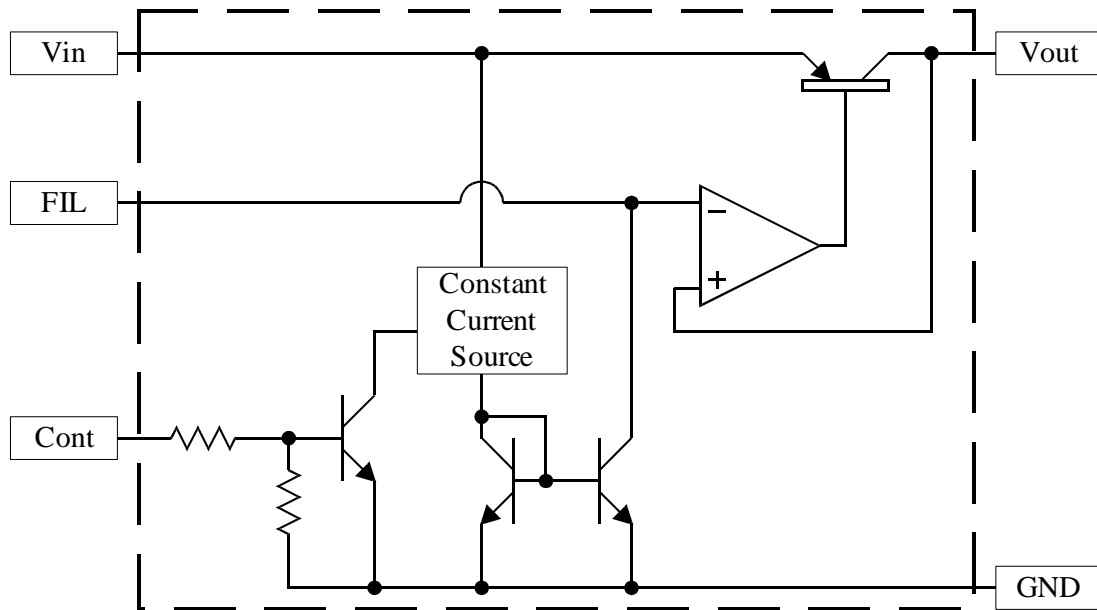
- Small Package   SOT23-5

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3.   Applications

- Audio Equipment (Car stereo)

- Image equipment (car navigation system)

4. Table of Contents

5. Block Diagram

6. Ordering Guide

AP1158ADS   -40 to 85°C   SOT23-5

7.   Pin Configurations and Functions

■ Pin Configuration

(Top view)
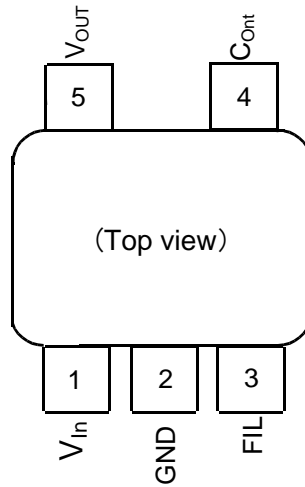
■ Functions

Pin No.	Pin Description	Internal Equivalent Circuit	Description
1	Vin	-	Input Terminal Connect a 1μF or more of capacity between the GND terminal.
2	GND	-	GND Terminal
3	FIL		Filter Terminal Output voltage setting resistance (Rfil) is connected between Vin. Capacitor of the filter (Cfil) is connected between GND.
4	Cont		On/Off Control Terminal VCONT > 1.8V: ON VCONT < 0.4V: OFF The pull-down resister (400kΩ) is built-in.
5	Vout		Output Terminal Connect a 1μF or more of capacity between the GND terminal.

8. Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	min	max	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage	Vin	-0.4	16	V	
Reverse bias voltage	Vrev	-0.4	8	V	Vout-Vin
Range of Fil terminal set voltage	V_{NP}	-0.4	16	V	
Control terminal voltage	V_{Cont}	-0.4	16	V	
Junction temperature	Tj	-	150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-55	150	°C	
Power Dissipation	P_D	-	500	mW	When mounted on board (Note 1)

Note 1. -4.0mW/°C (at 25°C or more), θJA=250°C /W

WARNING: The maximum ratings are the absolute limitation values with the possibility of the IC breakage. When the operation exceeds this standard quality cannot be guaranteed.

9. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Unit	Condition
Operating Temperature Range	Ta	-40	-	85	°C	
Operating Voltage Range	V_{OP}	2.1	-	14	V	

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10. Electrical Characteristics

■ Electrical Characteristics of Ta=Tj=25°C

The parameters with min or max values will be guaranteed at Ta=Tj=25°C.

(Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent Current	Iin	Iout = 0mA	-	65	100	μA
Standby Current	Istandby	Vin = 8V, Vcont = 0V	-	0.1	100	nA
Output Current	Iout		-	-	150	mA
Maximum Output Current (Note 2) (Note 5)	$Iout_{MAX}$	Vout = Vouttyp×0.9	-	360	-	mA
Load Regulation	LoaReg	Iout = 1 ~ 100mA	-	6	20	mV
Reverse Bias Current	Irev	Vin= 0V,Vcont= 0V,Vout= 8V	-	0.1	100	nA
FIL terminal Sink current	Isink	FIL terminal voltage = Vin - 0.3V	0.5	0.6	0.72	μA
Error Amp Input Offset Voltage	Verror	Iout = 30mA	20	40	60	mV
Control Terminal						
Control Terminal Current	Icont	Vcont = 2.0V	-	4.5	8.0	μA
Control Terminal Voltage	Vcont	Vout ON state	1.8	-	-	V
		Vout OFF state	-	-	0.4	V
Ripple Rejection (Note 3)	R.R.	Iout = 30mA Ripple Noise=200mVp-p(@1kHz)	55	66	-	dB
Output Noise (Note 4) (Note 5)	-	at 1kHz	-	60	-	nV/√Hz

Note 2. The maximum output current is limited by power dissipation.
Note 3. Ripple rejection is dependent on the characteristics of the input and output voltage difference and the capacitor, which is set by the resistance. Consider the variation of the variation and the capacitance value of the resistance value. Value of Rfil and Cfil, please change according to the conditions required by the set. The above value is an example of the measurement.
Note 4. This is the output noise without ripple noise. The IC itself generates the noise because it is semiconductor integrated circuit.
Note 5. Items of typical value only show reference values.

■Electrical Characteristics of Ta=-40°C ~85°C

The parameters with min or max values will be guaranteed at Ta=Tj=-40 ~ 85°C.

(Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent Current	Iin	Iout = 0mA	-	65	120	μA
Standby Current	Istandby	Vin = 8V, Vcont = 0V	-	0.1	500	nA
Output Current	Iout		-	360	-	mA
Maximum Output Current (Note 6) (Note 9)	Iout$_{MAX}$	Vout = Vouttyp×0.9	-	-	150	mA
Load Regulation	LoaReg	Iout = 1 ~ 100mA	-	6	55	mV
Reverse Bias Current	Irev	Vin = 0V, Vcont=0V, Vout=8V	-	0.1	2000	nA
FIL terminal Sink current	Isink	FIL terminal voltage = Vin - 0.3V	0.4	0.6	0.84	μA
Error Amp Input Offset Voltage	Verror	Iout = 30mA	-30	40	110	mV
Control Terminal						
Control Terminal Current	Icont	Vcont = 2.0V	-	4.5	10.0	μA
Control Terminal Voltage	Vcont	Vout ON state	1.8	-	-	V
		Vout OFF state	-	-	0.4	V
Ripple Rejection (Note 7)	R.R.	Vin = 2.5V, Rfil = 390kΩ Iout = 30mA, Cfil = 4.7μF Ripple Noise=200mVp-p(@1kHz)	40	66	-	dB
Output Noise (Note 8)(Note 9)	-	at 1kHz (Reference value)	-	60	-	nV/√Hz

Note 6. The maximum output current is limited by power dissipation.
Note 7. Ripple rejection is dependent on the characteristics of the input and output voltage difference and the capacitor, which is set by the resistance. Consider the variation of the variation and the capacitance value of the resistance value. Value of Rfil and Cfil, please change according to the conditions required by the set. The above value is an example of the measurement.
Note 8. This is the output noise without ripple noise. The IC itself generates the noise because it is semiconductor integrated circuit.
Note 9. Items of typical value only show reference values.

11. Description

11.1 DC Characteristics

Measurement conditions (Otherwise specified) :
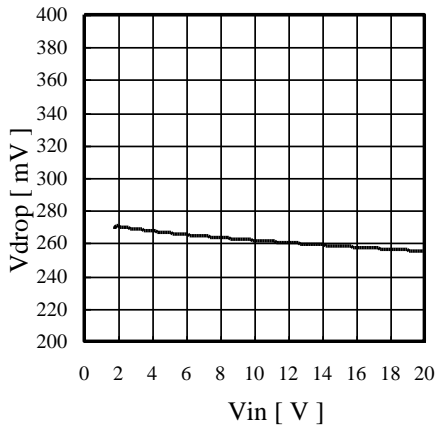Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, Iout=5mA
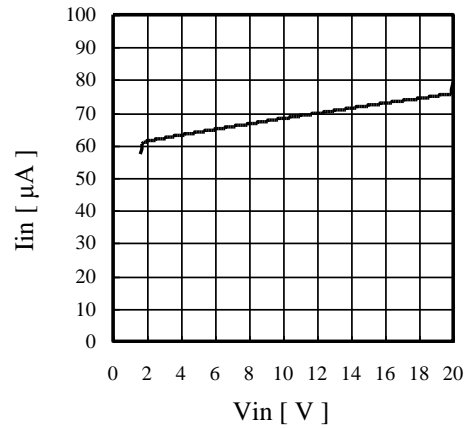
■ Filter Terminal Sink Current
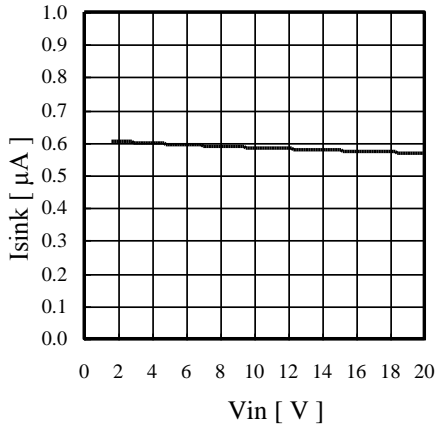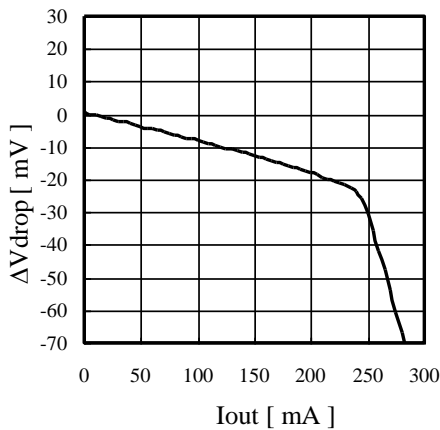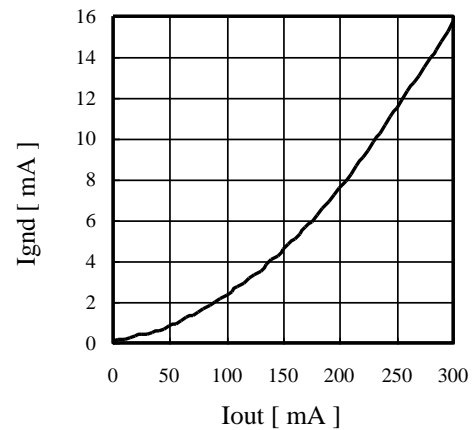

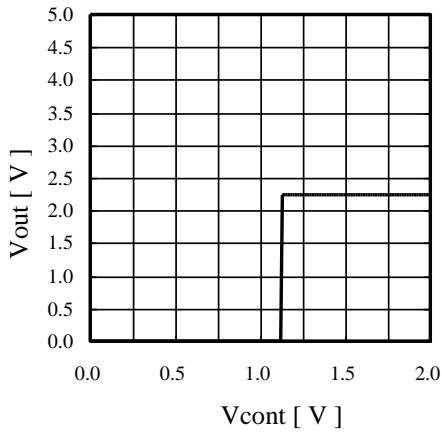■ Error Amp. off-set Voltage
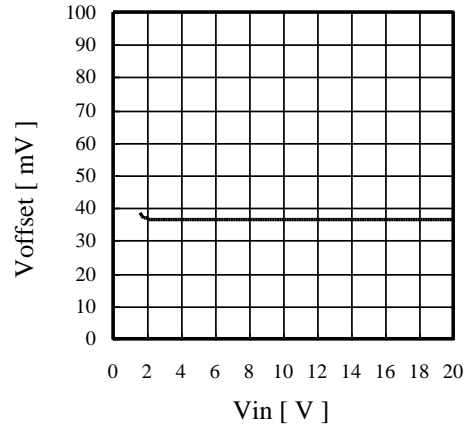
■ Vdrop

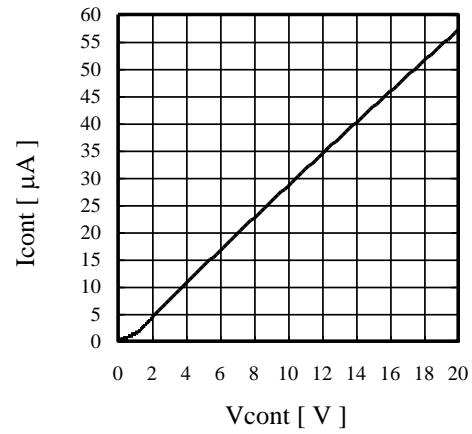

■ Quiescent Current (Iout=0mA)

■ Load Regulation

■ GND Pin Current
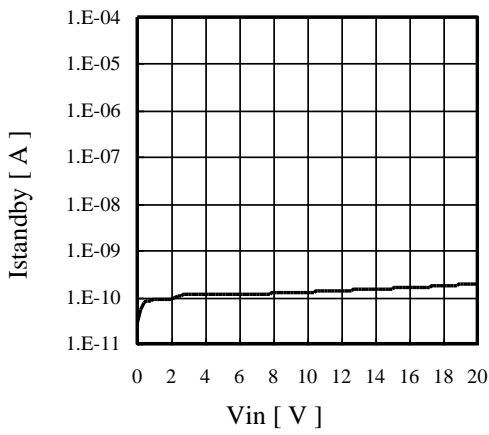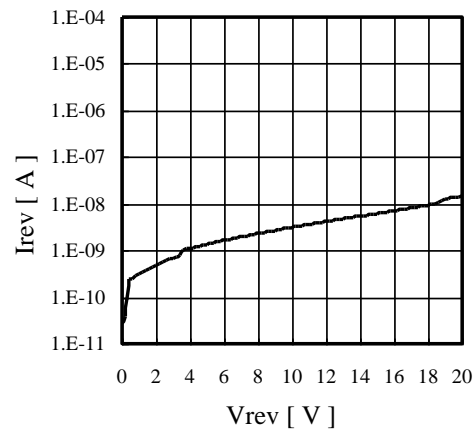
■ Vout ON-Point

■ Cont Current vs Cont Voltage

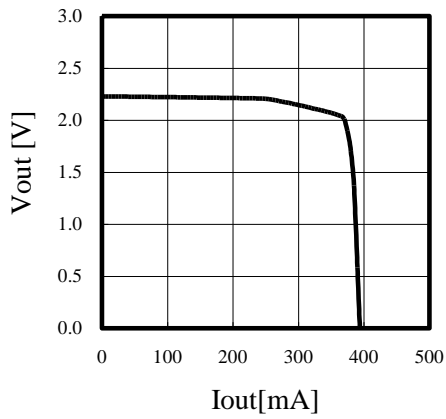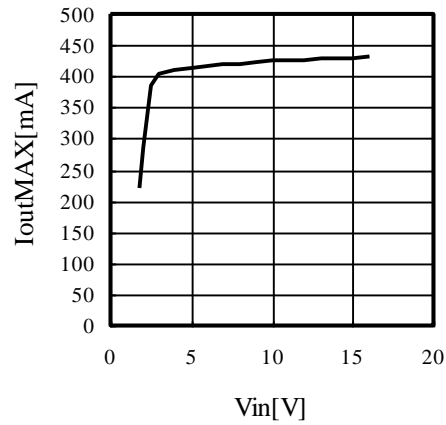■ Standby Current

■ Reverse bias Current

■ Maximum Output Current

■ Maximum Output Current (Vin)

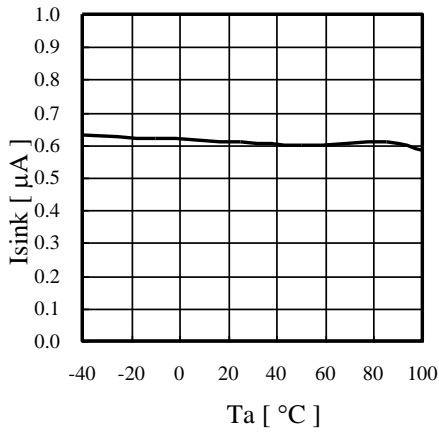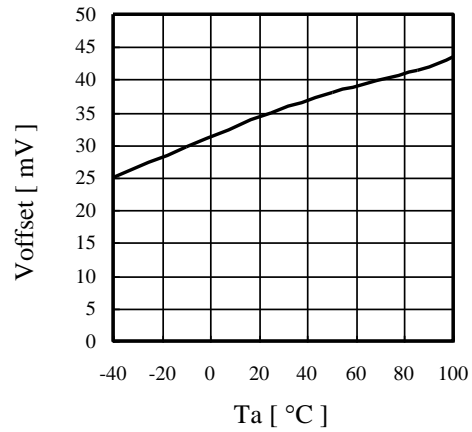## 11.2 DC Temperature Characteristics

Measurement conditions (Otherwise specified) :
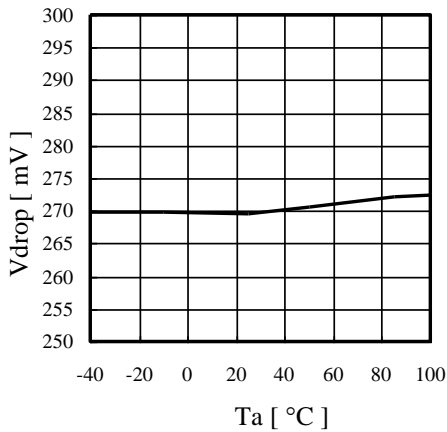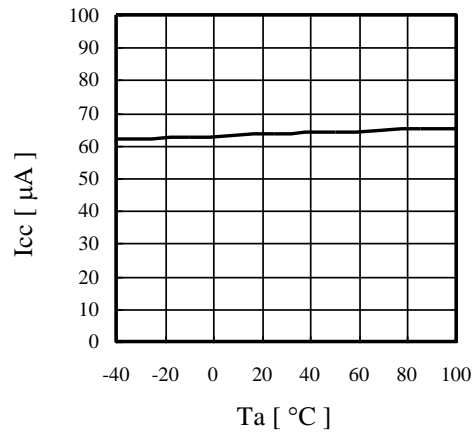Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, Iout=5mA

■ Filter Terminal Sink Current
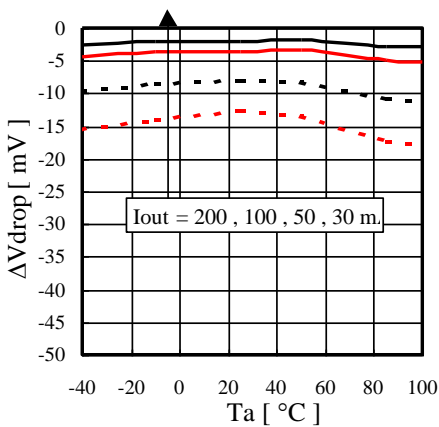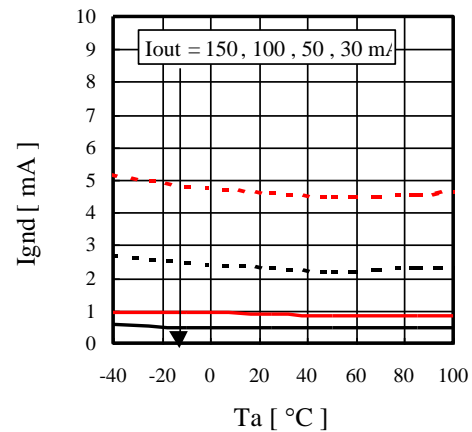

■ Error Amp. off-set Voltage

■ Vdrop

■ Quiescent Current (Iout=0mA)

■ Load Regulation

Iout = 200 , 100 , 50 , 30 mA

■ GND Pin Current

Iout = 150 , 100 , 50 , 30 mA

■ Vout ON-Point

■ Cont Current vs Cont Voltage

Vcont = 2 , 4 , 6 V

■ Maximum Output Current

11.3   Ripple Rejection

Measurement condition (Otherwise specified)
Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Ripple Noise=200mVp-p, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, Iout=30mA

RR [dB]
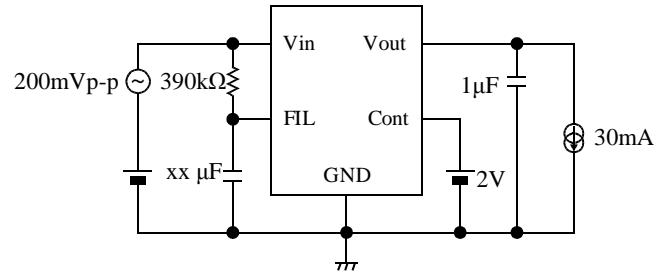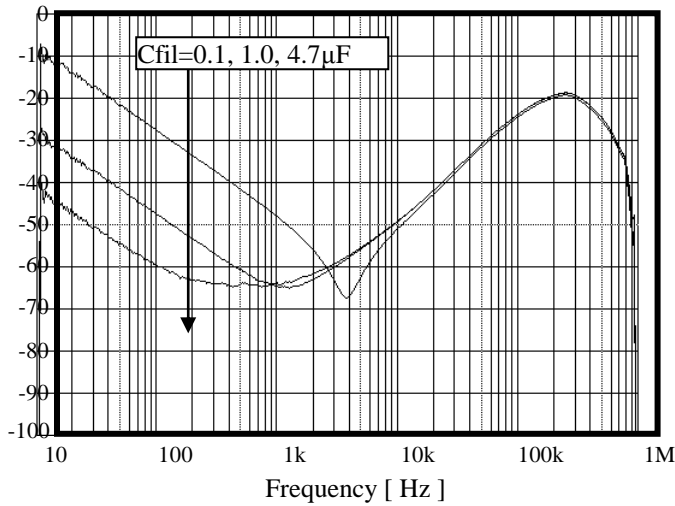
■ RR vs Ripple Noise (Freq = 1kHz)   ■ RR vs Iout (Freq = 1kHz)
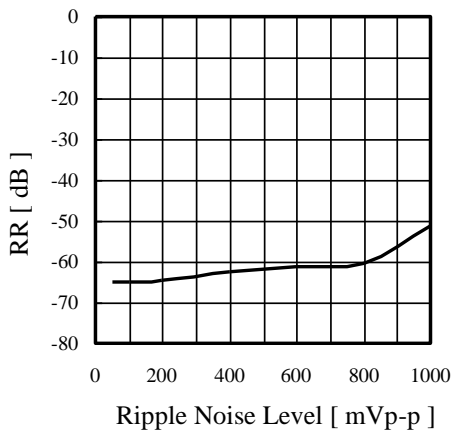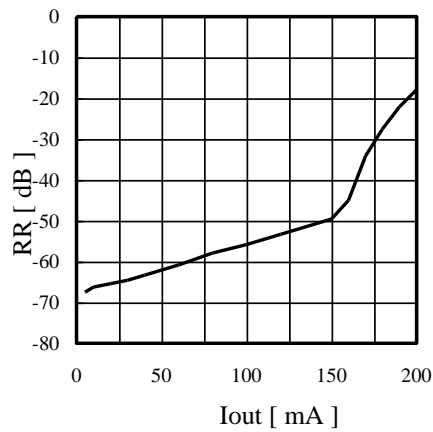
■ RR vs Vin
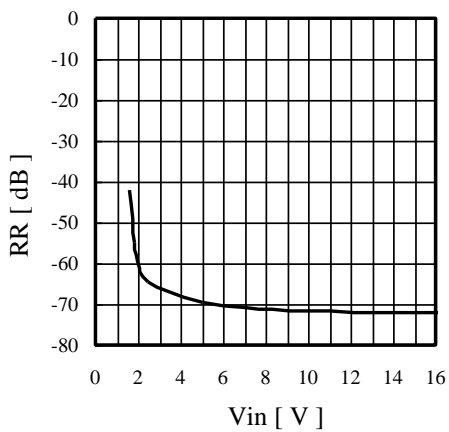
11.4 Output Noise

Measurement condition (Otherwise specified)
Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, Iout=30mA

■ Output Noise vs Iout
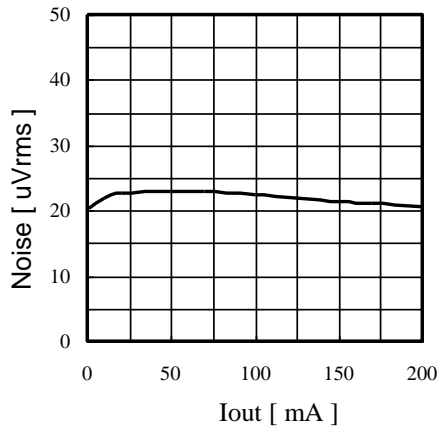
■ Output Noise vs Vin
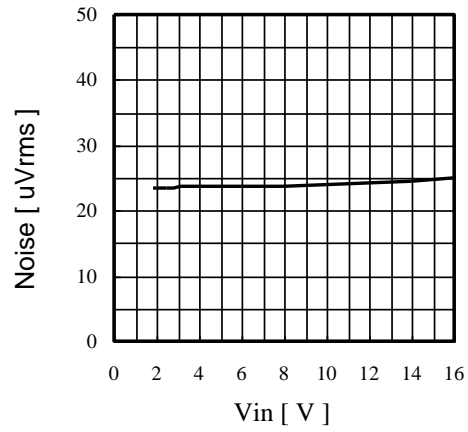
■ Output Noise Density
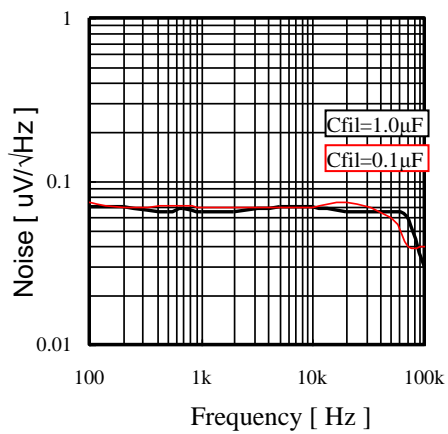
11.5 Transient Response

Measurement condition (Otherwise specified)
  Vin=2.5V, Vcont=2V, Rfil=390kΩ, Cin=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Cout=1μF, Iout=30mA

■ On/Off control transient response   ■ Input transient response
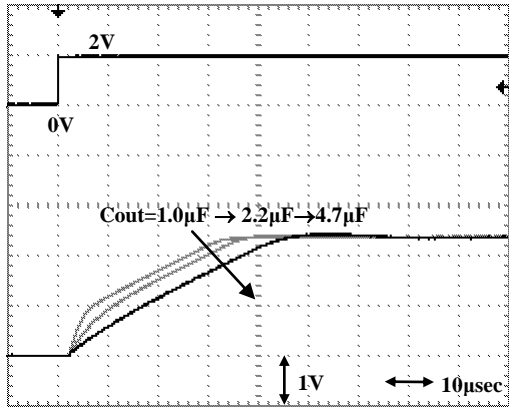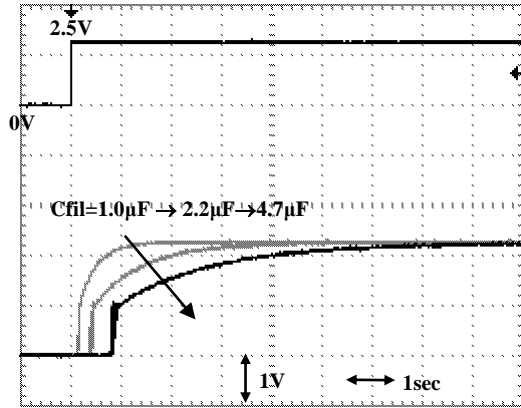
■ Load transient response
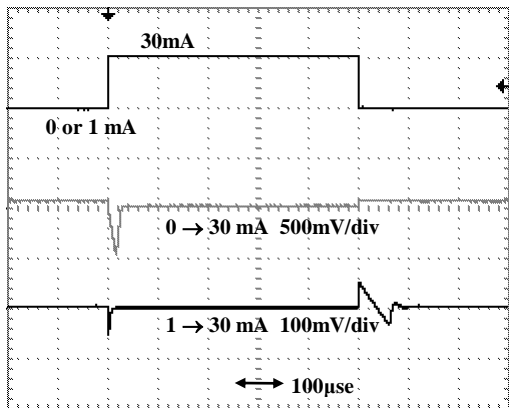
11.6 Output Capacitors

AP1158ADS requires input and output capacitors in order to maintain the loop stability. AP1158ADS may oscillate if there is no input/output capacitor. Please select the output capacitor whose equivalent series resistance (ESR) is in the stable operation area. Please refer to the following graph and select the capacitor of the best characteristics. Either ceramic or tantalum capacitor can be used for output terminal. If the capacitor of 0.22μF or more and the equivalent series resistance is 6Ω or less is connected to the output pin, the IC provides stable operation. The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance have tolerance that depends on the product and the manufacturer. Generally, a ceramic capacitor has both temperature characteristic and voltage characteristic. Please consider both characteristics when selecting the part. A recommended value of the application is 1.0uF or more.
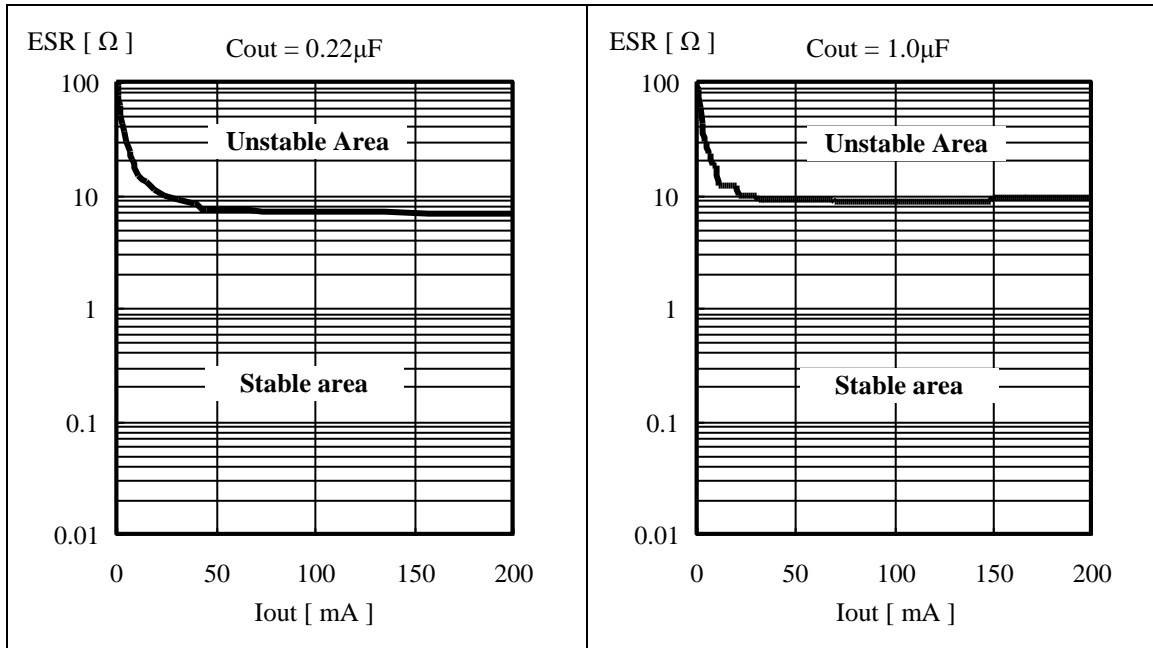
Figure 1. Unstable area

11.7   The ability of a built-in power transistor and setting of Vdrop

Figure 2 shows the ability of a built-in power transistor. When Vdrop of AP1158ADS is set to 300mV, it can supply an output current of 250mA at the maximum. But this is a current value when the input voltage does not have the ripple noise. When the input voltage has the ripple noise, it cannot supply the output current value more. When the input voltage has the ripple noise shown in Figure 3, it can supply an output current of only 150mA at the maximum.
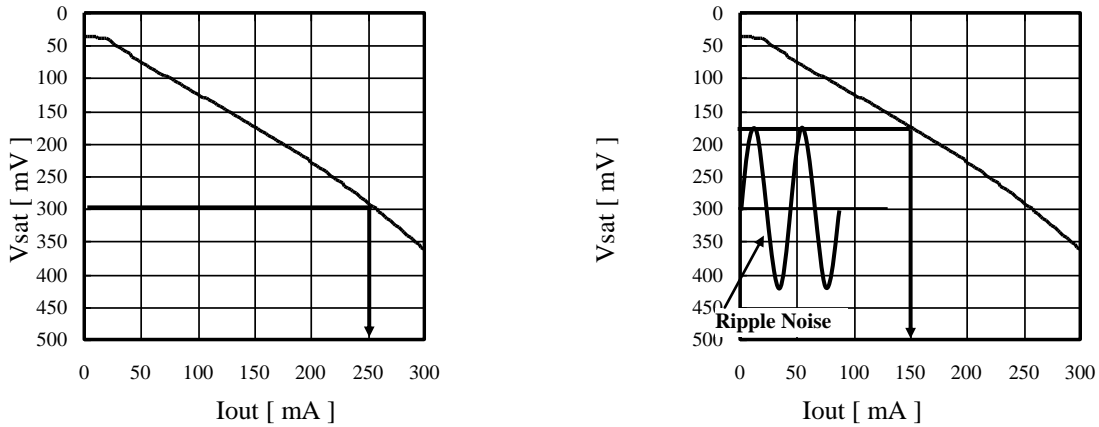
Figure 2. (Left) The ability of a built-in power transistor
(Right) When the input voltage has the ripple noise

If using output current is small, Vdrop can be reduced by lowering the value of Rfil. Figure 3 (Left) shows relations of Rfil and Vdrop. When Vdrop is reduced, load regulation deteriorates as shown in Figure 3(Right).
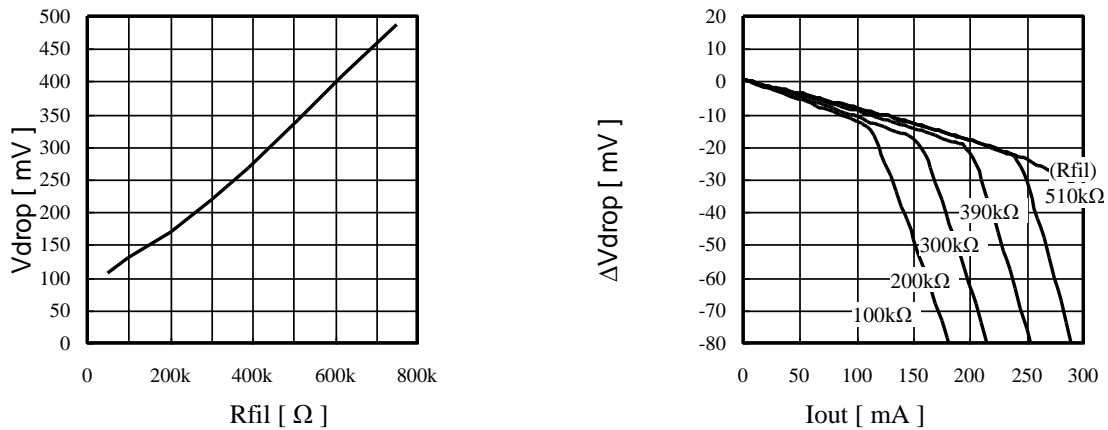
Figure 3. (Left)Vdrop vs Rfil(Iout=5mA)
(Righ) Load Regulation (Rfil)

11.8 Application of low ripple and low noise multi output

Output 1   3.0V

The ripple rejection effect varies with a DC level of the input.

Output 2   Input-ΔV*

There are Output 1 and an approximately equal ripple rejection effect. The DC level changes by the voltage of the input. The ripple rejection effect does not depend on a DC level of the input.

Output 3   Output1-ΔV*

Output 3 is the output of low ripple and low noise more than Output 1.

*ΔV = Rfil × 0.6μA + Voffset (Typ:40mV)

Figure 4. Low Ripple and Low Noise System Output
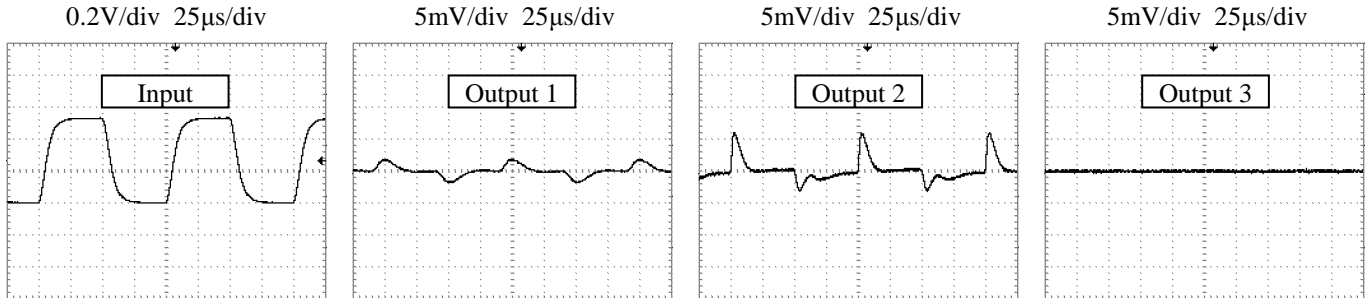
Figure 5. Input Voltage : 3.55V + Ripple Noise
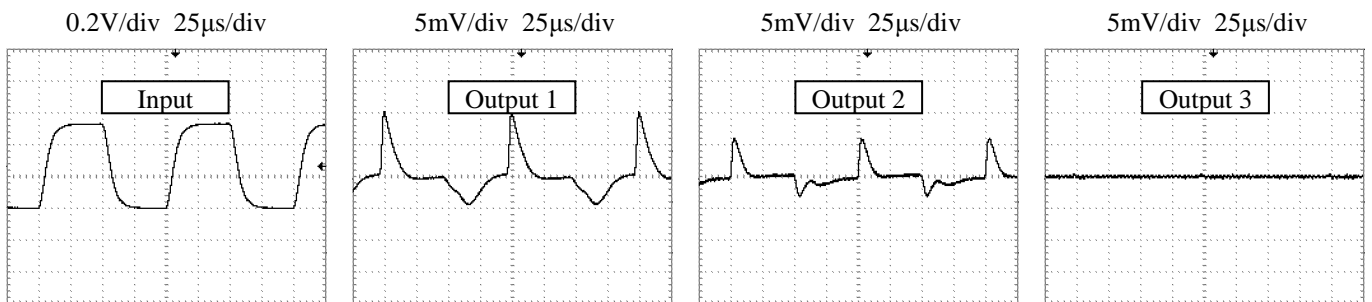
Figure 6. Input Voltage : 3.35V + Ripple Noise

11.9 Ripple noise reduction of DC-DC converter output

Ripple noise of the DC-DC converter is removed by connecting AP1158ADS at the output of the DC-DC converter.
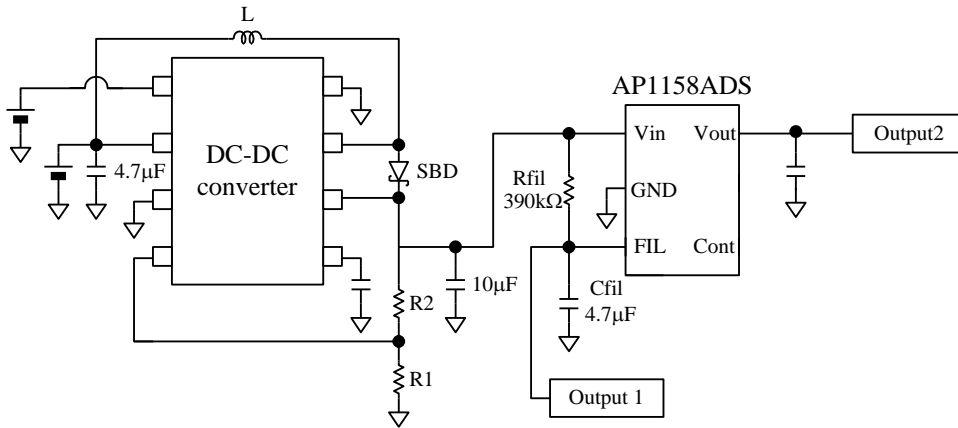
Figure 7. Ripple noise removal of DC-DC converter output
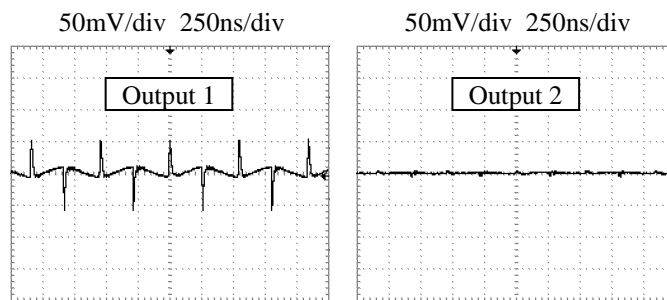
Figure 8. Output ripple noise

11.10 Reduce the motor noise
When high voltage from the battery without motor noise is necessary, refer to Figure 9.
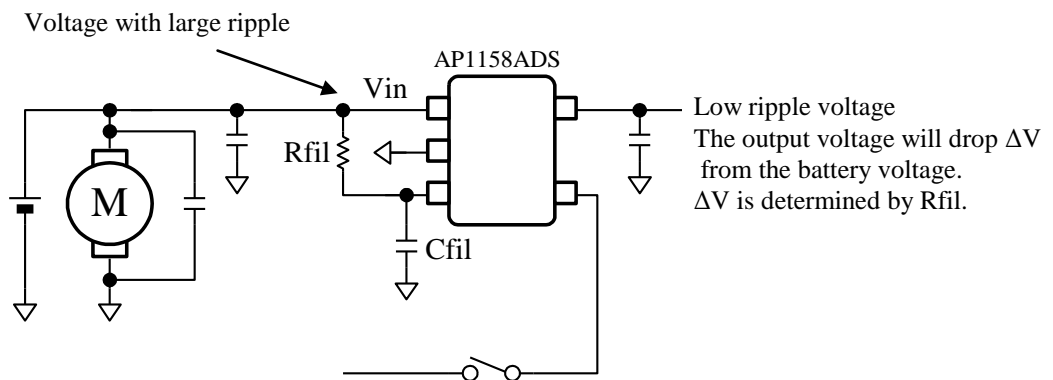
Figure 9. Reduce the motor noise

11.11 Voltage-Power Conversion
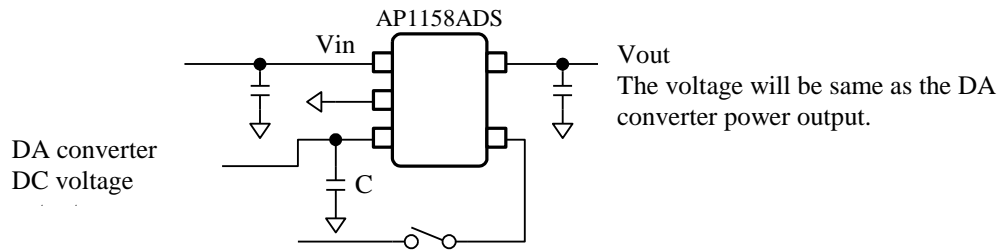
Figure 10. Voltage-Power conversion

11.12 On/Off Control Switching Speed

Vout rises at high-speed when Cont pin is controlled with the input voltage is added to Vin pin. It takes long time to charge Cfil when Vin is controlled directly. Please reduce the time constant of the filter to make the rise time early. Therefore, it is necessary to reduce the Cfil. Cfil=4.7μF is a standard but can be changed. Please choose the best Cfil according to the ripple noise level and the frequency. Moreover, the rise time becomes earlier by connecting diode parallel with Rfil. "Vf×1/2 of the diode" is a standard of the Vdrop.

[Charge time]

Only at Rfil=390kΩ, Cfil=4.7μF

$t = 5 \times Cfil \times Rfil = 5 \times 390 \times 10^3 \times 470 \times 10^{-6} = 9.25$ sec

Figure 11. SW switching circuit

Figure 12. On / off speed when it is changing the output side capacitor

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12. Definition of Term

・**Sink Current of FIL Terminal**

The sink current of the FIL terminal is 0.6μA(typ). The Vdrop is calculated as follows.

Vdrop = {(Sink Current) × (Rfil)} + (Offset voltage)

Ripple rejection ratio largely depends on this value.

Standard value: Rfil = 390kΩ (Vdrop =270mV) , Vdrop (mV) = Rfil (kΩ) × 0.6μA + 40mV

・**Input-output voltage drop (Vdrop)**

Vdrop is set by Rfil. It is necessary to set Vdrop large when there is a margin between the input voltage and output voltage, or the ripple noise is large. Please fix the Vdrop according to ripple noise, maximum output current and operating voltage.

・**On / Off Control**

Control terminal is active "H". By connecting the terminal to GND, input current becomes almost zero. (Operation stops) If the load current is 0 (the load impedance is very high), the Cout electric charge remains. Therefore, if the ripple filter IC is switched at the same time with the load, quick response application will be available. In case not using on/off control, please connect this terminal to Vin. The control current decreases when resistance is connected in series. Series resistance around 300kΩ and pull-down resistor are built in this terminal. Therefore, when series resistance is connected, the control current will decrease though the control voltage may swerves to high side. There is no hysteresis in this terminal. Please apply "H" or "L" surely otherwise noise level will increase.

・**Ripple Rejection Ratio (R.R.)**

Ripple rejection is the ability of the IC to attenuate the ripple content of the input voltage at the output. It is specified with the input voltage with AC voltage (condition: 1) overlapped with DC voltage (condition: 2)

Condition1: 200mVp-p, f=1kHz, Condition2: Vin=2.5V

The measurement condition is as follows.

Cin=0.1μF, Cout=1μF, Cfil=4.7μF, Rfil=390kΩ(Vdrop=270mV),Vin: DC=2.5V, AC=200mVp-p (at f=1kHz) It is necessary to enlarge Rfil and Cfil to improve the ripple rejection ratio at the low frequency range. The ripple rejection depends on the set Vdrop and the characteristics of the capacitor. Please consider the tolerance of resistor and capacitor. Please adjust the value of Rfil(=390kΩ) and Cfil(=4.7μF) depends on application.
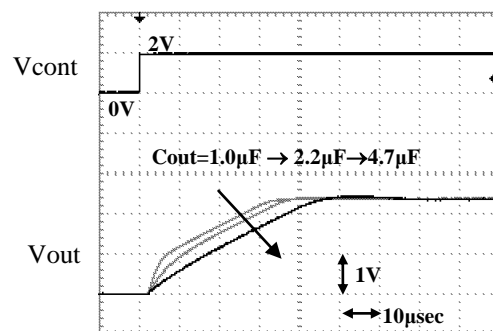
・**On / Off speed**

Vout rises at high-speed when Cont pin is controlled with the input voltage is added to Vin pin. Operation will be very slow when the power supply is started by other control functions. When the time constant of the filter is small, Vout stands up quickly. By connecting diode in parallel with Rfil, Vout also stands up quickly.

・**Maximum Output Current (Iout MAX)**

The rated output current is specified under the condition when the output voltage drops 10% the value specified with Iout=5mA. The input voltage is set at VoutTYP+1V and the current is pulsed to minimize temperature effect.

・**Reverse Bias Current (Irev)**

The current flows from the Vout pin to the IC when Vin=0V, Vcont=0V and Vout=8V.

・**Quiescent Current (Ignd)**

The current flows to GND terminal. It is the difference between the input current and the output current.

13. Test Circuit
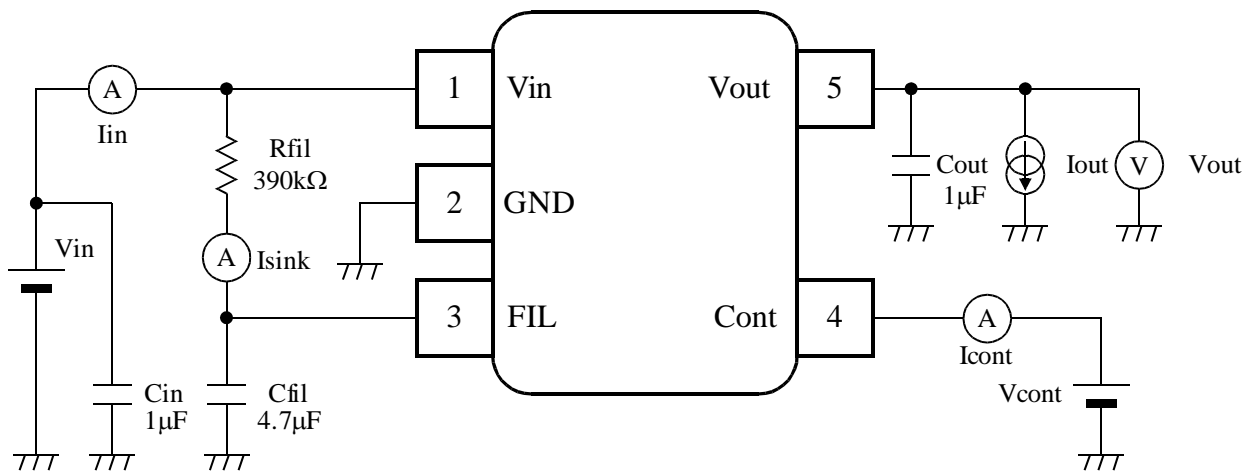
Figure 13.Test Circuit

14. Package

■**Outline Dimensions**

(Unit: mm)

Mark

Lot No.

⑤ ④

XXX

$1.6 {}^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$

① ③

0.4 ± 0.1

0.95   0.95

0.7

1.0

2.4

0.95   0.95

Reference Mount Pad

2.9 ± 0.2

1.1 ± 0.1

$0 \sim 0.15$

$0.125 {}^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$

$2.8 {}^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$

0.4 ± 0.2
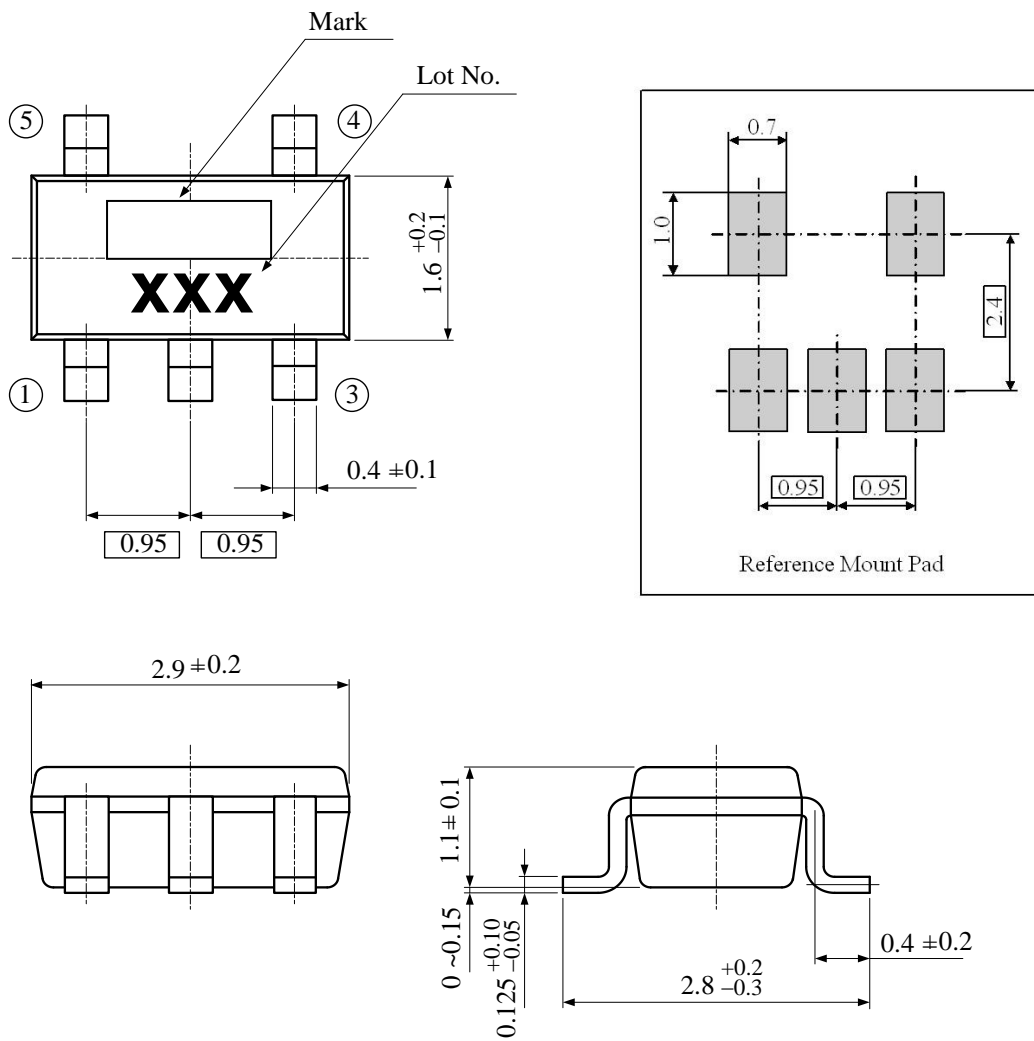
15. Revise History

Date (YY/MM/DD)	Revision	Page	Contents
15/05/26	00	-	First Edition

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