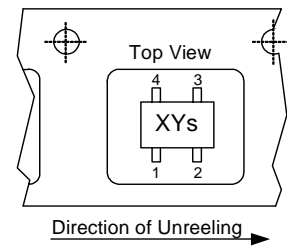
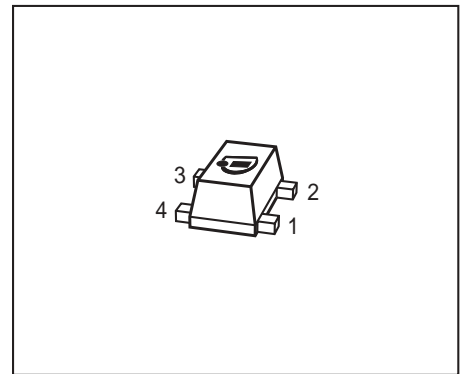


NPN Silicon Germanium RF Transistor

- High gain ultra low noise RF transistor
- Provides outstanding performance for a wide range of wireless applications up to 10 GHz and more
- Ideal for CDMA and WLAN applications
- Outstanding noise figure $F = 0.5$ dB at 1.8 GHz
Outstanding noise figure $F = 0.75$ dB at 6 GHz
- High maximum stable gain
 $G_{ms} = 27.5$ dB at 1.8 GHz
- Gold metallization for extra high reliability
- 150 GHz f_T -Silicon Germanium technology
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package¹⁾
- Qualified according AEC Q101



ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

| Type | Marking | Pin Configuration | | | | | | Package |
|---------|---------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---------|
| BFP740F | R7s | 1=B | 2=E | 3=C | 4=E | - | - | TSFP-4 |

¹Pb-containing package may be available upon special request

Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Collector-emitter voltage $T_A > 0^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A \leq 0^\circ\text{C}$ | V_{CEO} | 4 3.5 | V |
| Collector-emitter voltage | V_{CES} | 13 | |
| Collector-base voltage | V_{CBO} | 13 | |
| Emitter-base voltage | V_{EBO} | 1.2 | |
| Collector current | I_{C} | 30 | mA |
| Base current | I_{B} | 3 | |
| Total power dissipation ¹⁾ $T_{\text{S}} \leq 90^\circ\text{C}$ | P_{tot} | 160 | mW |
| Junction temperature | T_{j} | 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Ambient temperature | T_{A} | -65 ... 150 | |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | -65 ... 150 | |

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|-------------------|------------|------|
| Junction - soldering point ²⁾ | R_{thJS} | ≤ 370 | K/W |

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|------|------|---------------|
| | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_{\text{C}} = 1 \text{ mA}, I_{\text{B}} = 0$ | $V_{(\text{BR})\text{CEO}}$ | 4 | 4.7 | - | V |
| Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{\text{CE}} = 13 \text{ V}, V_{\text{BE}} = 0$ | I_{CES} | - | - | 30 | μA |
| Collector-base cutoff current $V_{\text{CB}} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{\text{E}} = 0$ | I_{CBO} | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{\text{EB}} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_{\text{C}} = 0$ | I_{EBO} | - | - | 3 | μA |
| DC current gain $I_{\text{C}} = 25 \text{ mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 3 \text{ V}, \text{pulse measured}$ | h_{FE} | 160 | 250 | 400 | - |

¹⁾ T_{S} is measured on the collector lead at the soldering point to the pcb

²⁾ For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

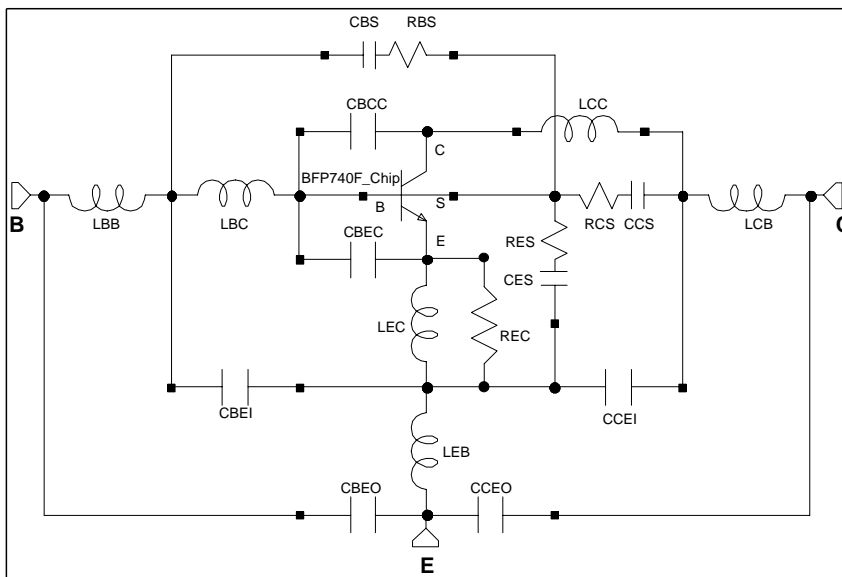
| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit |
|--|---------------|--------|-------------|------|------|
| | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling) | | | | | |
| Transition frequency $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$ | f_T | - | 42 | - | GHz |
| Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, emitter grounded | C_{cb} | - | 0.08 | 0.14 | pF |
| Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, base grounded | C_{ce} | - | 0.2 | - | |
| Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CB} = 0$, collector grounded | C_{eb} | - | 0.44 | - | |
| Noise figure $I_C = 8\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ $I_C = 8\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ | F | - | 0.5 0.75 | - | dB |
| Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ | G_{ms} | - | 27.5 | - | dB |
| Power gain, maximum available ¹⁾ $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$ | G_{ma} | - | 19 | - | dB |
| Transducer gain $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $f = 6\text{ GHz}$ | $ S_{21e} ^2$ | - | 25 15 | - | dB |
| Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ | IP_3 | - | 25 | - | dBm |
| 1dB Compression point at output $I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ | P_{-1dB} | - | 11 | - | |

¹⁾ $G_{ma} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}| (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2})$, $G_{ms} = |S_{21e} / S_{12e}|$
²⁾ IP_3 value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is $50\ \Omega$ from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

SPICE Parameter (Gummel-Poon Model, Berkley-SPICE 2G.6 Syntax):
Transistor Chip Data:

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|------------|--------|-------|----------|
| IS = | 384.4 | aA | BF = | 1.1 | k | NF = | 1.018 | - |
| VAF = | 400 | V | IKF = | 512.1 | mA | ISE = | 4.296 | fA |
| NE = | 1.586 | - | BR = | 62 | - | NR = | 1 | - |
| VAR = | 1.28 | V | IKR = | 5 | mA | ISC = | 3.85 | fA |
| NC = | 1.5 | - | RB = | 3.23 | Ω | IRB = | 10 | A |
| RBM = | 1.69 | Ω | RE = | 90 | m Ω | RC = | 6.88 | Ω |
| CJE = | 220 | fF | VJE = | 590 | mV | MJE = | 70 | m |
| TF = | 2.1 | ps | XTF = | 3 | - | VTF = | 1.32 | V |
| ITF = | 290 | mA | PTF = | 100 | mdeg | CJC = | 99.5 | fF |
| VJC = | 550 | mV | MJC = | 152 | m | XCJC = | 10 | m |
| TR = | 13 | ps | CJS = | 79.7 | fF | VJS = | 570 | mV |
| MJS = | 180 | m | XTB = | -2.2 | - | EG = | 1.11 | eV |
| XTI = | 910 | m | FC = | 950 | m | TNOM | 298 | K |
| AF = | 1 | - | KF = | 0 | - | | | |

All parameters are ready to use, no scaling is necessary.

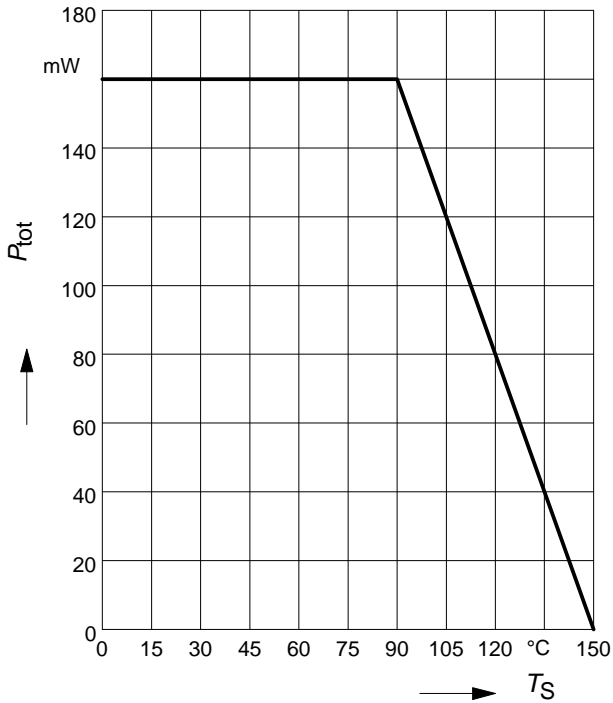
Package Equivalent Circuit:


For examples and ready to use parameters please contact your local Infineon Technologies distributor or sales office to obtain a Infineon Technologies CD-ROM or see Internet: <http://www.infineon.com>

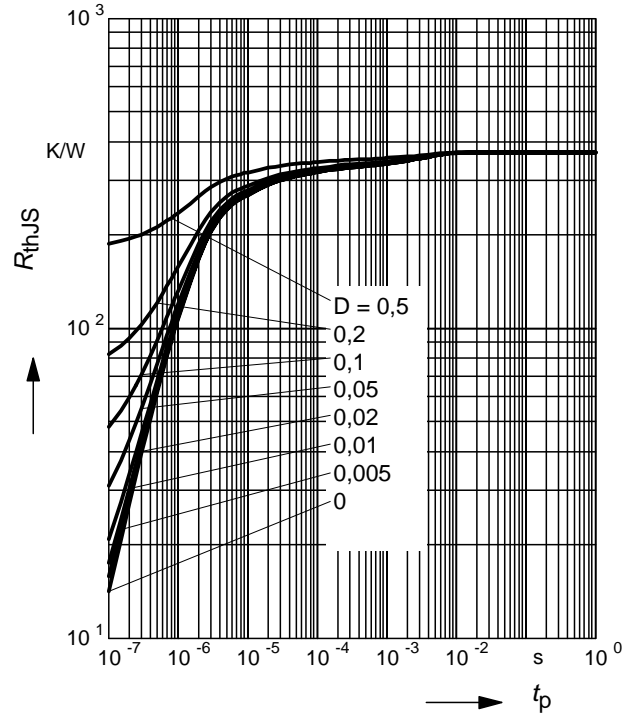
| | | |
|--------|-------|------------|
| LBC = | 0.1 | nH |
| LCC = | 0.2 | nH |
| LEC = | 20 | pH |
| LBB = | 0.411 | nH |
| LCB = | 0.696 | nH |
| LEB = | 21 | pH |
| CBEC = | 0.1 | pF |
| CBCC = | 1 | fF |
| CES = | 0.34 | pF |
| CBS = | 39 | fF |
| CCS = | 75 | fF |
| CCEO = | 0.177 | pF |
| CBEO = | 92 | fF |
| CCEI = | 0.217 | pF |
| CBEI = | 52 | fF |
| REC = | 2 | Ω |
| RBS = | 3.5 | k Ω |
| RCS = | 1.65 | k Ω |
| RES = | 90 | Ω |

Valid up to 6GHz

Total power dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

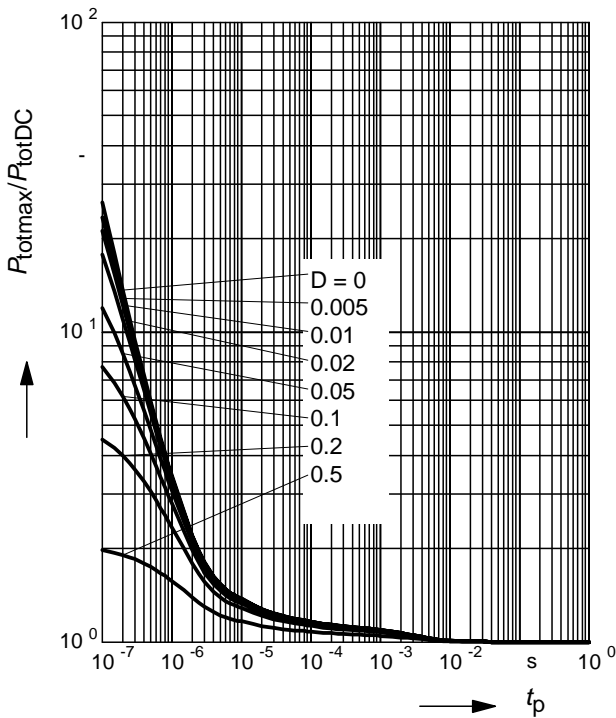


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$



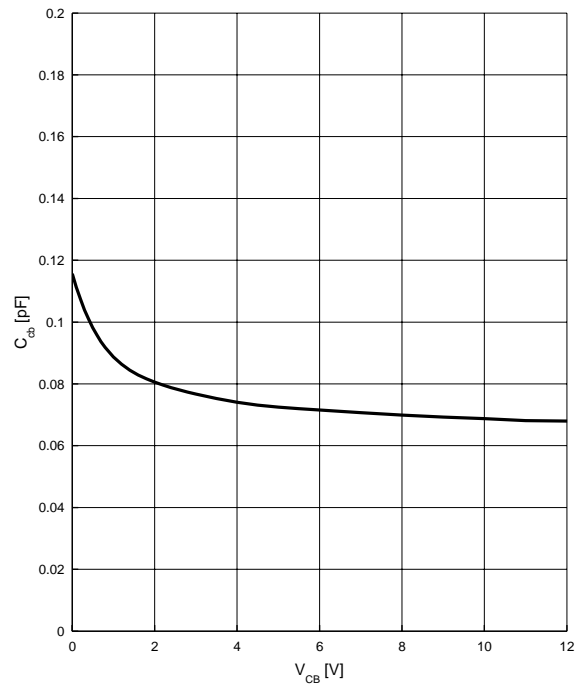
Permissible Pulse Load

$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$



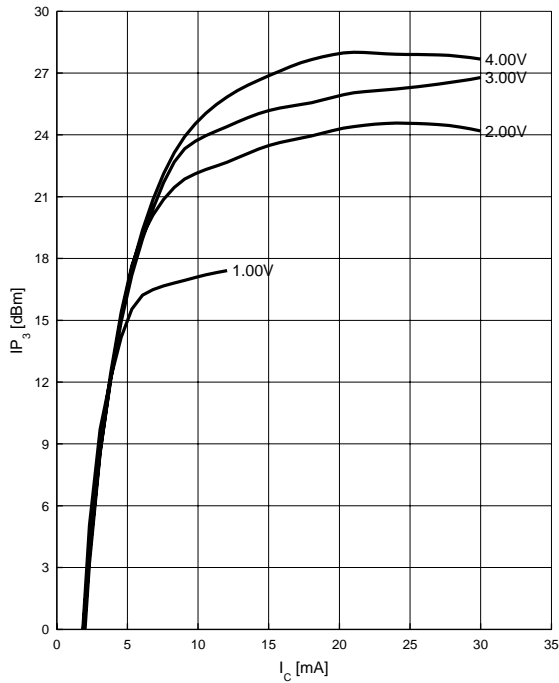
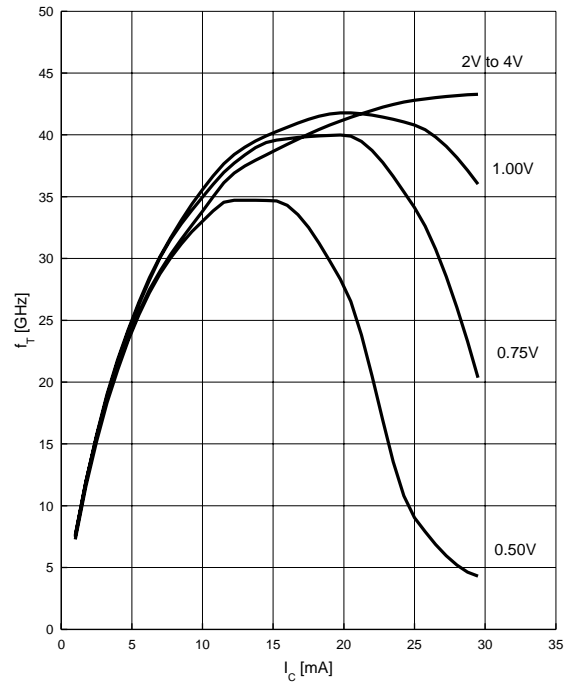
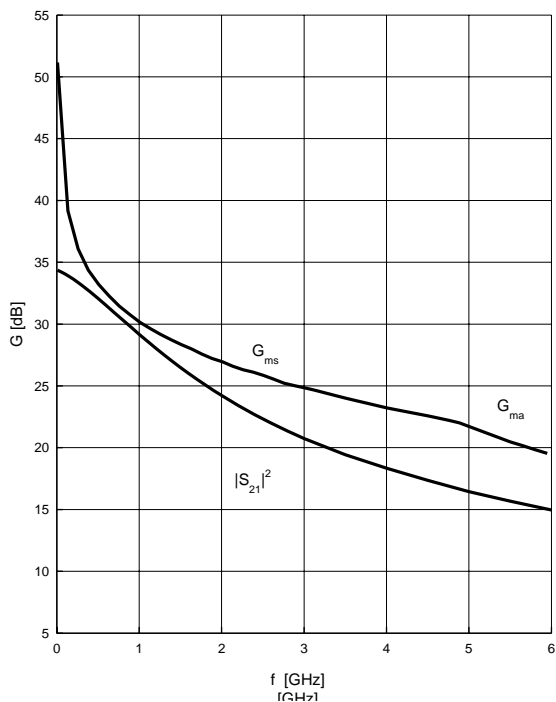
Collector-base capacitance $C_{cb} = f(V_{CB})$

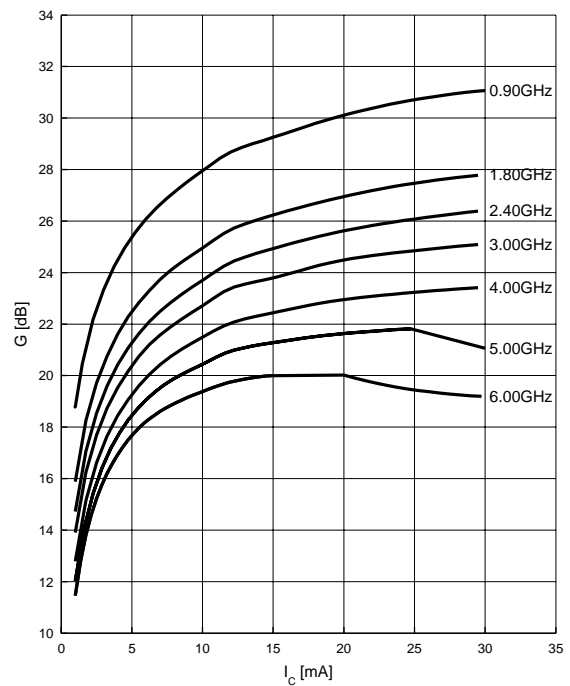
$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$



Third order Intercept Point $IP_3 = f(I_C)$

 (Output, $Z_S = Z_L = 50 \Omega$)

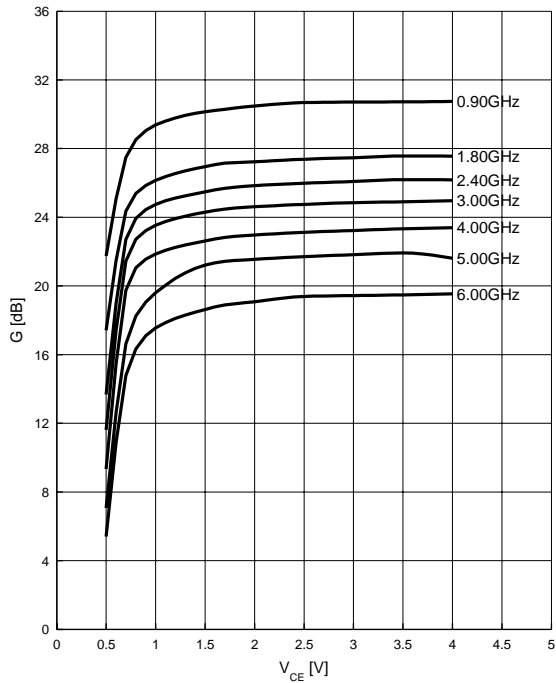
 V_{CE} = parameter, $f = 900$ MHz

Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$
 V_{CE} = parameter in V, $f = 2$ GHz

Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$
 $V_{CE} = 3$ V, $I_C = 25$ mA

Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(I_C)$
 $V_{CE} = 3$ V

 f = parameter in GHz


Power gain G_{ma} , $G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$

$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$

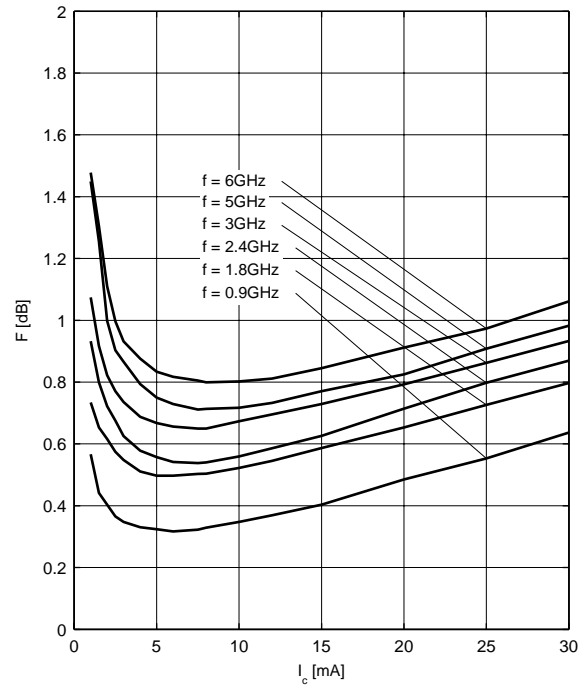
$f = \text{parameter in GHz}$



Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

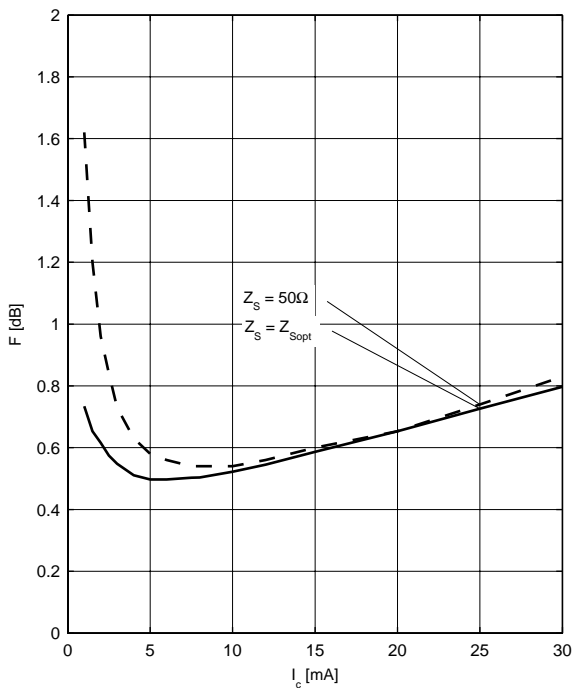
$V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}$, $f = \text{parameter in GHz}$

$Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



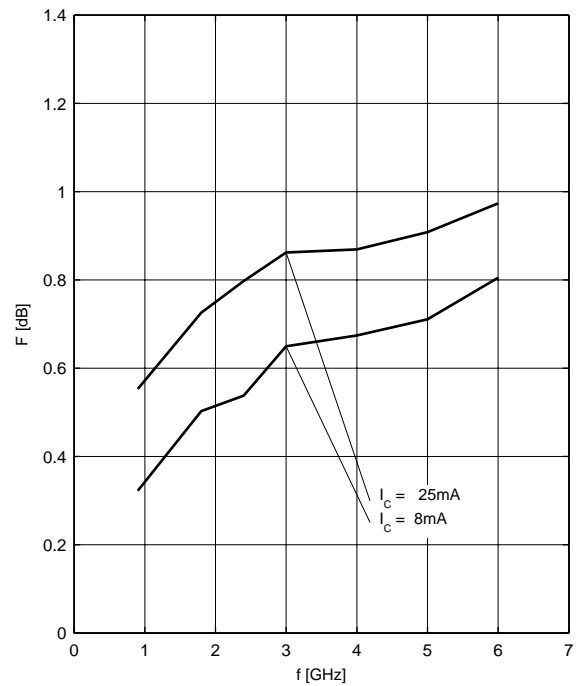
Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}$, $f = 1.8 \text{ GHz}$



Noise figure $F = f(f)$

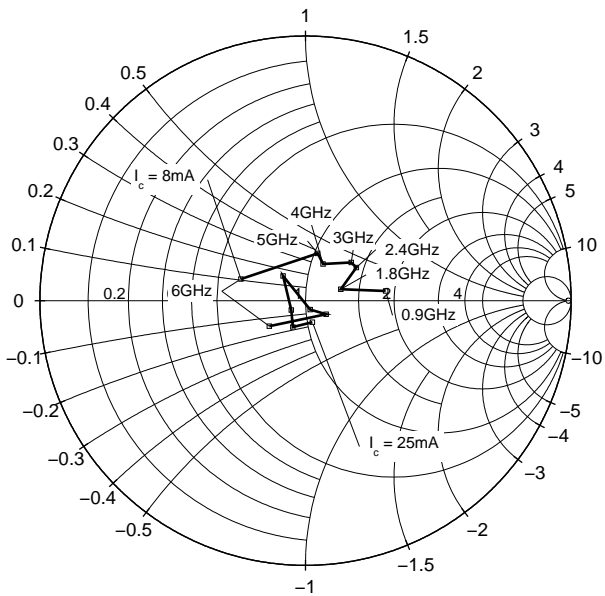
$V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



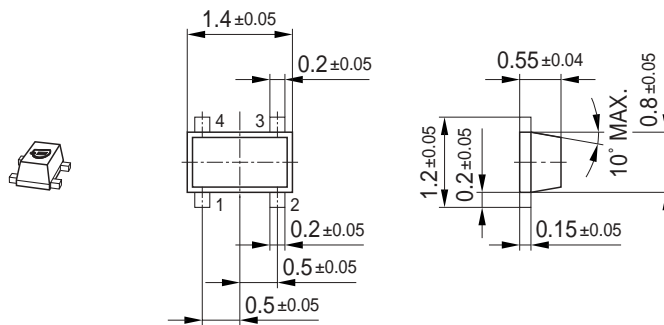
Source impedance for min.

noise figure vs. frequency

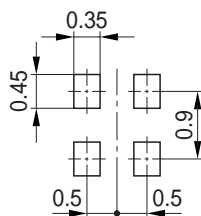
$V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $I_C = 8\text{ mA} / 25\text{ mA}$



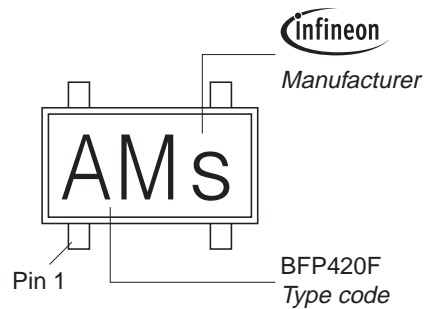
Package Outline



Foot Print

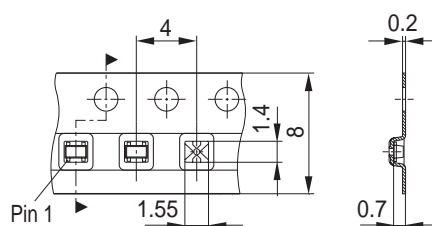


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel \varnothing 180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel
 Reel \varnothing 330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



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